

Surge Bed Equipment List

Double Occupancy

- Additional critical care bed
- Suction regulators, minimum 2 per bed. If not available will have to split suction (refer to videos)
- EVAC suction: can use one suction regulator for two patients (cleared by IPAC)
- O2 outlets 2-3 per bed. Can be achieved by Y-splitters
- Additional monitors
 - Ideally MP50/MX450 Philips portable monitors (can provide invasive pressure monitoring)
 - Tier 2 is a Welch-Allyn VSM and a re-purposed surplus Heartstart defibrillator configured for 1 lead ECG monitoring. Welch-Allyn can be upgraded to provide ECG monitoring (pending)
- Power bars to accommodate increased amount of equipment in rooms (need electrical to inspect increased load on circuits). Ideally pole mounted power bars
- Additional sharps/pharmaceutical disposal
- Bedside tables/rolling stock. Has to be limited due to decreased room footprint. Try to minimize non-essential furniture in room
- Rolling room dividers. Use as necessary, can actually decrease space
- Clear signage identifying “A” and “B” beds
- IV pumps...prioritize infusions. Minimize “TKVO” lines. Maximize other routes to conserve pumps (IV direct/push, PO, etc...)
- ++ important to allow nurses/healthcare providers to “customize space” to their needs to allow for safe patient care
- Remove room curtains as necessary