## **ROX Index**

## What is the ROX index?

$$\frac{\text{SpO}_2 / \text{FiO}_2}{\text{Respiratory Rate}} = \text{ROX index}$$

$$\frac{\text{Example at 6 hours}}{\text{SpO}_2 = 88\%}$$

$$\frac{\text{SpO}_2 = 88\%}{\text{FiO}_2 = .70}$$

$$\frac{\text{RR} = 28 \text{ breaths/minute}}{\text{RR}} = 4.48$$

## How is the ROX index interpreted?

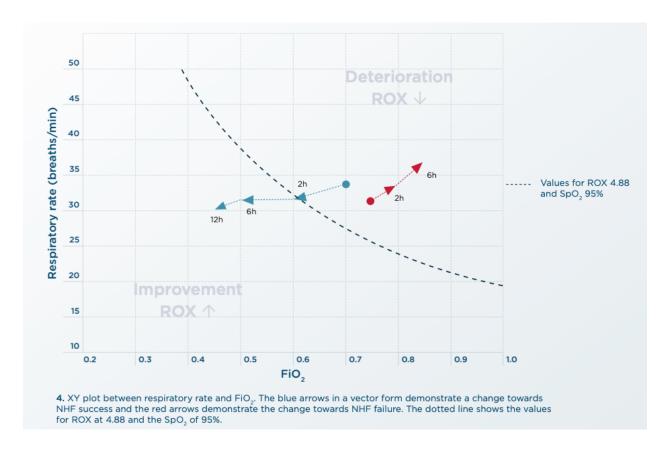
A ROX index >= 4.48 predicts NHFC success. Lower values are associated with HFNC failure. Intermediate values may be used to stratify at-risk groups.

ROX	
≥4.88	Little risk of intubation
3.85-4.87	close monitoring due to increased risk of intubation
2.85-3.84	Monitoring in the ICU if possible. Highly increased risk of intubation
<2.85	Consider intubation

Figure 3. ROX-Score for evaluation of oxygen treatment of type 1 respiratory failure, treated with High-Flow treatment.

Watching the ROX value change over time can indicate a trend toward HFNC success or failure.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Flow rate of 50LPM



## References:

- EUROPEAN CLINICAL RESPIRATORY JOURNAL 2020, VOL. 7, 1761677
- https://www.fphcare.com/us/hospital/adult-respiratory/optiflow/
- American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine Volume 199 Number 11, 1368-1376